

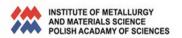




Crystallographic texture

- > Introduction
- Representation of Texture
- Experimental Methods for Texture Determination
- Deformation Texture
- ➤ Annealing Texture

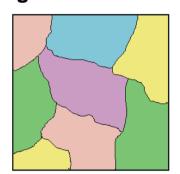




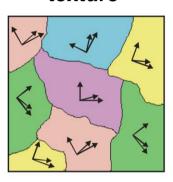


Texture and anisotropy of polycrystals

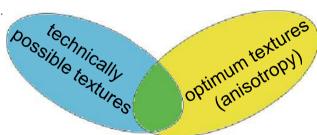
grain structure



texture



texture forming processes



anisotropic properties

directional solidification deformation recrystallization etc.

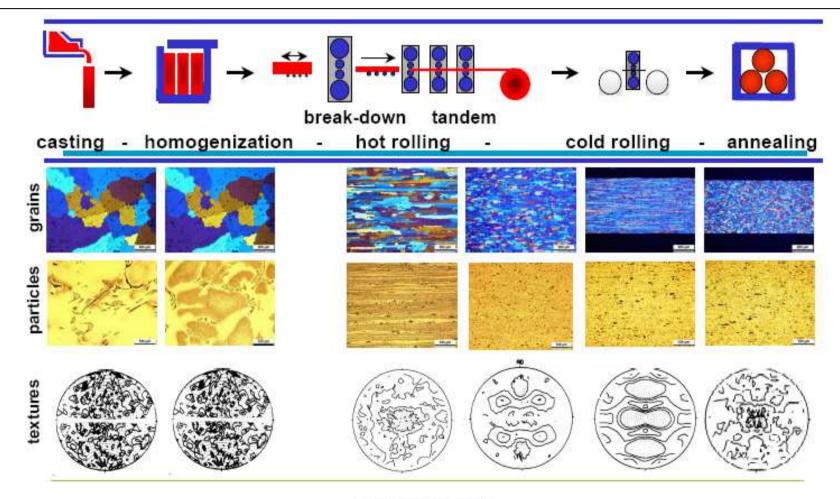
elasticity plasticity magnetism etc.







Evolution of typical microstructures in industrial aluminium sheet production









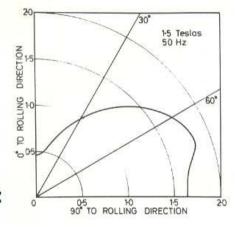


Texture and anisotropy of polycrystals

- Texture in polycrystalline materials is ubiquitous
- Goss oriented Silicon steel
- Earing of aluminum cans
- Substrate for semiconductor tapes
- Fatigue properties of aluminum and titanium allow





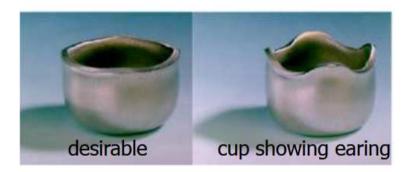




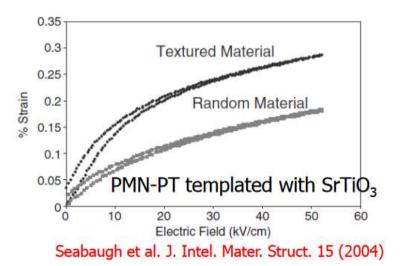


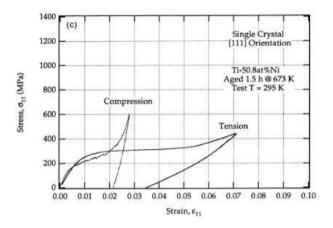


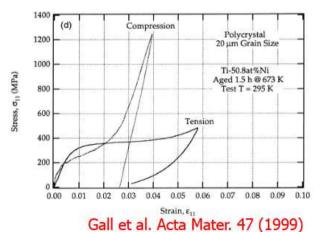
Texture and anisotropy of polycrystals



www.alumatter.org.uk





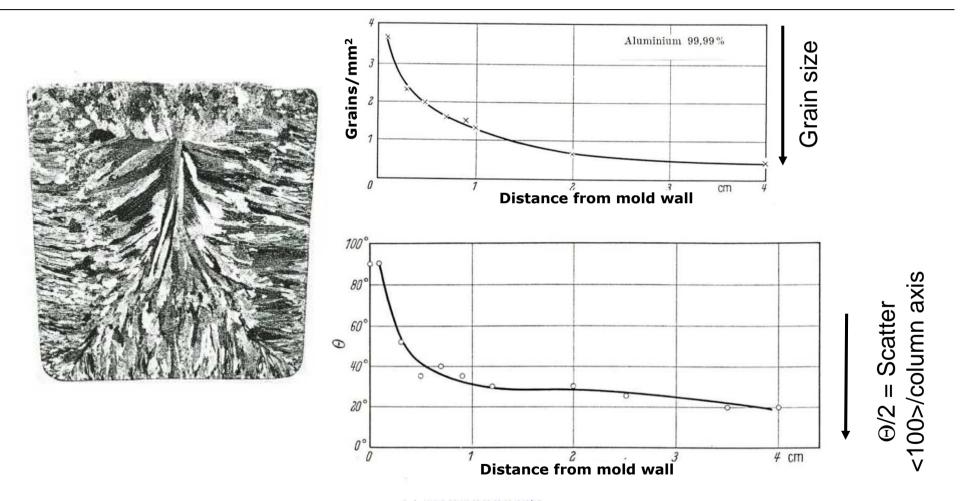








Cast grain stucture and cast texture









Crystallization

Stationary melt

Requirement for growth texture:

- a) temperature gradient
- b) anisotropic crystal growth ⇒ growth selection

Cast texture is correlated with dendrite alignment

⇒ related to dendrite formation
Requirement for dendrite formation:
thermally or constitutionally supercooled melt
ahead of growth front, negative T-gradien
Moving melt (laminar flow, e.g. magma flow)







Dendrite growth and cast texture

Tabelle 53. Zusammenhang zwischen dem dendritischen Wachstum und der Gußtextur (nach Walton und Chalmers)

Metall bzw, Legierung	Struktur	Dendriten-Richtung		Gulltextur
		beobachtet	erwartet	Gustextur
Fe-Si	kubisch raumzentriert		(100)	(100)
β-Messing	kubisch raumzentriert		(100)	(100)
Na	kubisch raumzentriert	(100)	<100>	
Al	kubisch flächenzentriert	(100)	(100)	(100)
Cu	kubisch flächenzentriert		<100>	(100)
Ag	kubisch flächenzentriert		(100)	(100)
Au	kubisch flächenzentriert		<100>	(100)
Pb	kubisch flächenzentriert	(100)	<100>	(100)
Cd	hexagonal dicht. Kugelp.		(1010)	(1010)
Zn	hexagonal dicht. Kugelp.	<1010>	(1010)	(1010)
Mg	hexagonal dicht, Kugelp.		<1010>	unsicher
Bi	rhomboedrisch			(111)
β-Sn	tetragonal	(110)	<110>	<110>

Wassermann & Grewen, 1962







Plastic deformation

Orientation change through single slip of a single crystal

Models for deformation texture development of polycrystals:

1) Sachs (1928)

Stress equilibrioum: $\sigma_a = \sigma$

- ⇒ slip (in general single slip) on slip system with highest Schmid factor
- ⇒ Formation of overlaps and pores at grain boundaries
- 2) Taylor (1938)

Strain compatibility: $\varepsilon_q = \varepsilon$

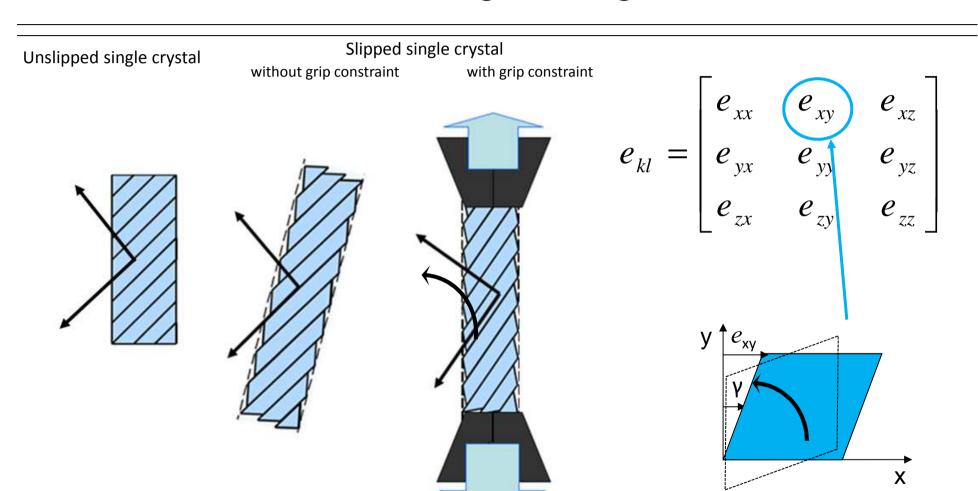
⇒ Activation of 5 independent slip systems (von Mises criterion) independent ≡ shape change through slip on this system should not be achieved by combined slip on other systems.
 5 independent systems, because each grain should be able of a general shape change, i.e. 5 independent components of the strain tensor (ε_{ik}) should be realized through slip on slip systems.







Orientation change through deformation

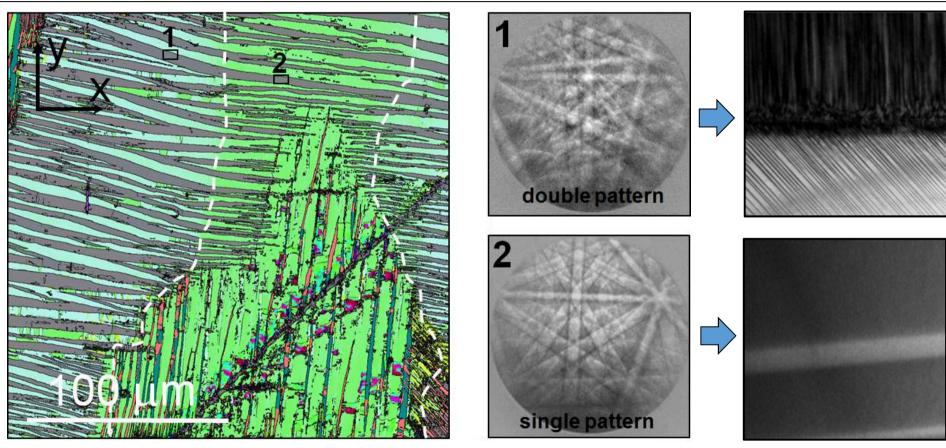








Training procedure



EBSD mapping, All Euler color coding

Lüders type deformation

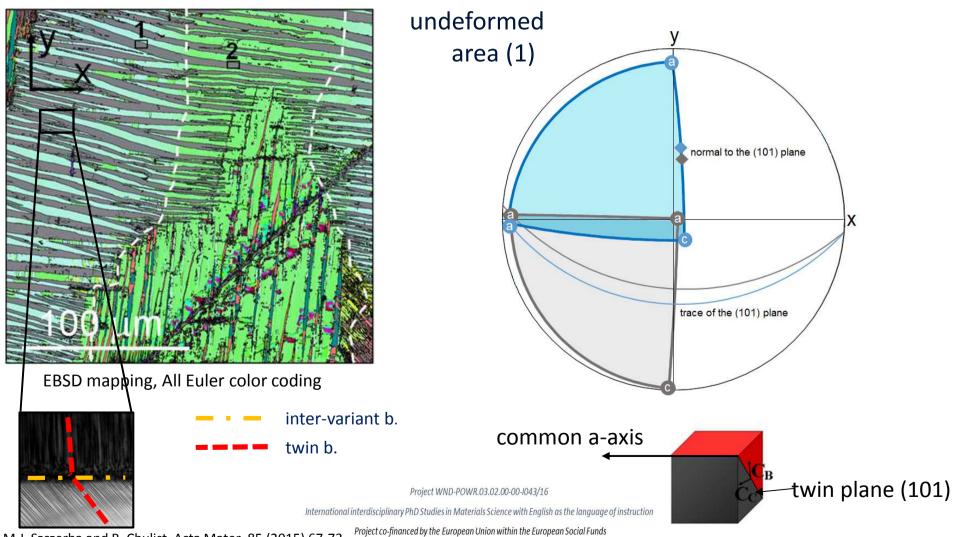
Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-I043/16







Nanotwinning

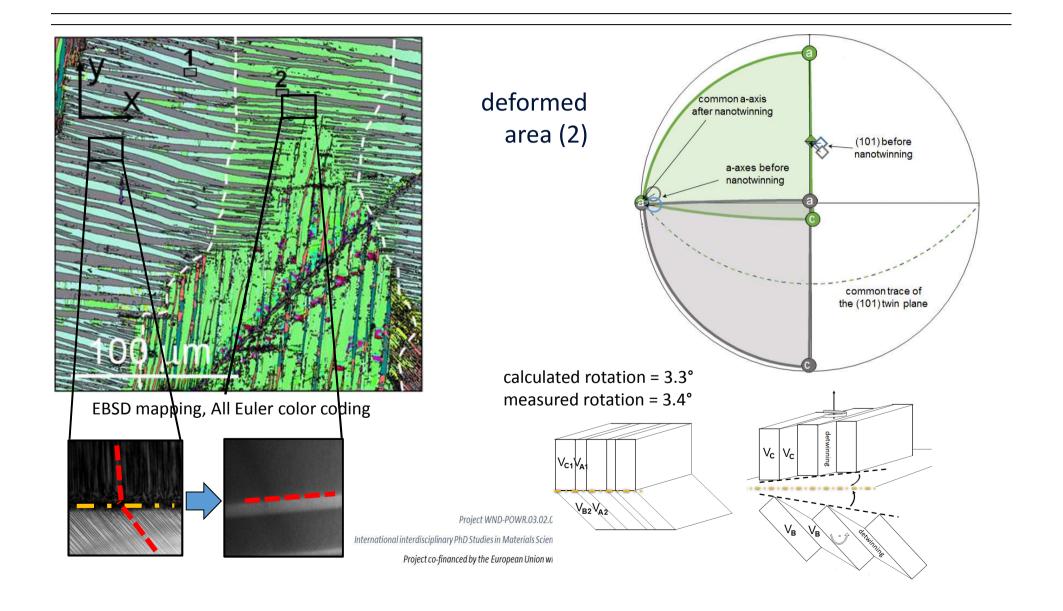








Nanotwinning









Crystallography of slip and twinning in cubic metals

Structure	Slip System		
	Plane	Direction	
fcc	{111}	<110>	
	{110}	<111>	
bcc	{112}	<111>	
	{123}	<111>	

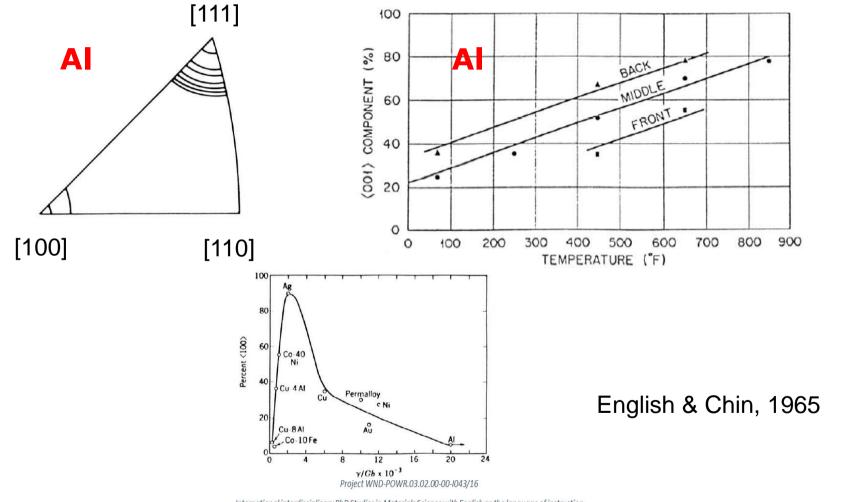
Structure	Twinning shear	Twinning Plane	Twinning Direction
fcc	0.707	{111}	<112>
bcc	0.707	{112}	<111>







Tension textures of fcc metals

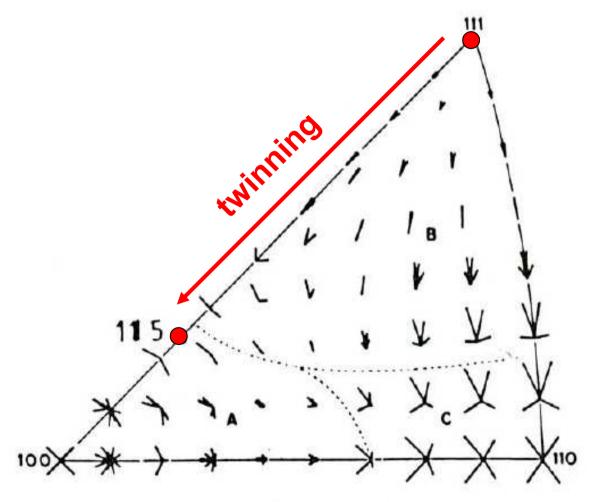








Orientation changes in tension (FC Taylor)









Young's Modulus

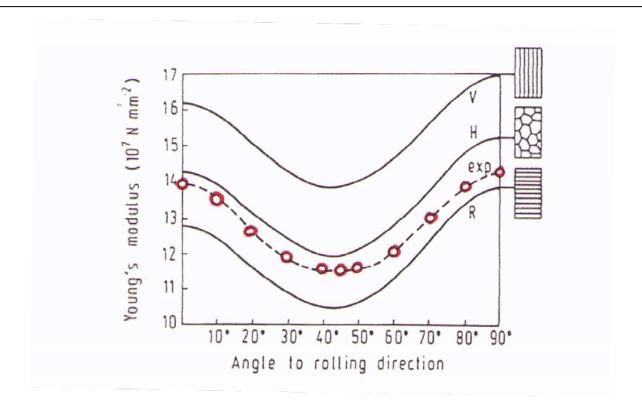


Fig. 5 Young's modulus as a function of the direction in the sheet plane for a textured copper sheet compared with the Voigt-Reuss-Hill approximations calculated from the ODF.

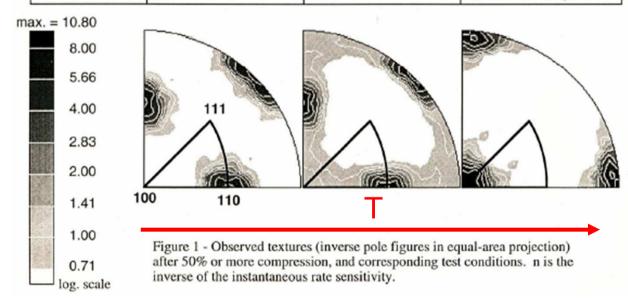






Compression textures of fcc metals

	n>>4	n≈4	n≈3
Al-2%Mg	T=25°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ T=282°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	T=282°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-5} \text{s}^{-1}$ T=380°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$	T=360°C, $\dot{\epsilon}$ =5·10 ⁻⁵ s ⁻¹ T=440°C, $\dot{\epsilon}$ =10 ⁻⁴ s ⁻¹
Al-5%Mg	T=25°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ T=300°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 5 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$	T=473°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 1s^{-1}$ T=380°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-3}s^{-1}$	T=473°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ T=473°C, $\dot{\epsilon} = 10^{-4} \text{s}^{-1}$ (Tension or Compression)



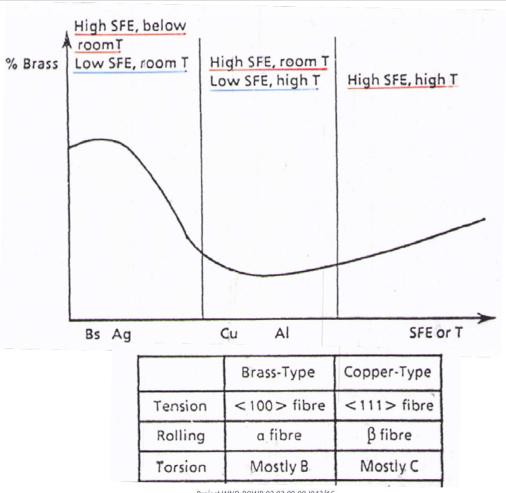
Kocks et al., 1994







Deformation textures of fcc metals



Bacroix, 1987

Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-I043/16



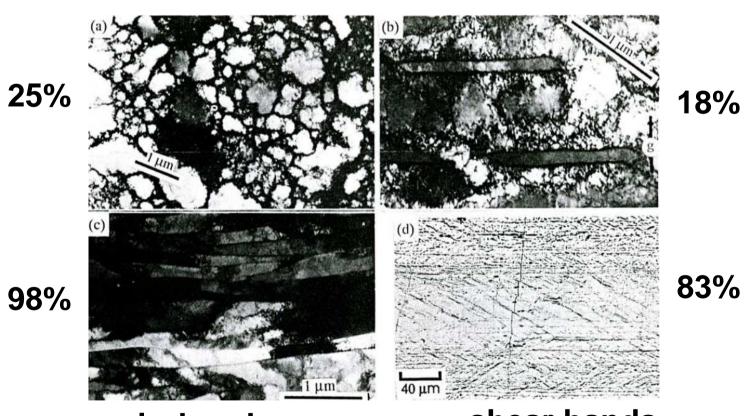




Microstructure in deformed metals (cold rolled Cu)

cell structure

mirobands



mirobands

shear bands

Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-1043/16

Humphreys & Hatherley, 1995

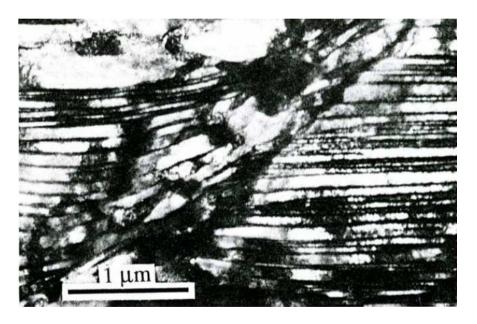






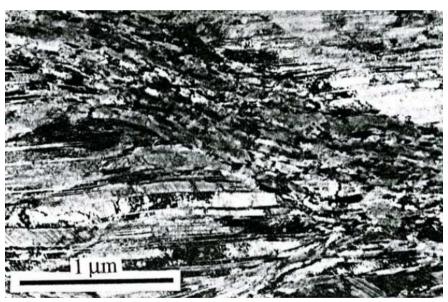
Shear bands in rolled metals

(110)[1-11] Cu single crystal rolled 65% at 77K



Köhlhoff et al., 1988

70:30 brass rolled 50% at RT



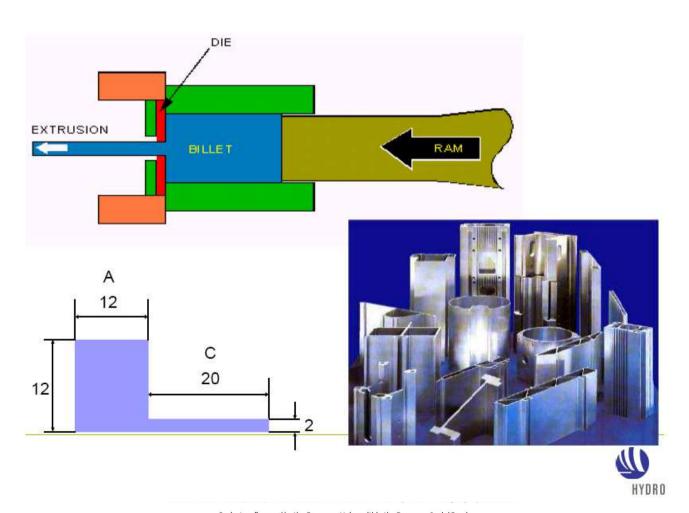
Duggan et al., 1978







Extrusion of aluminium profiles

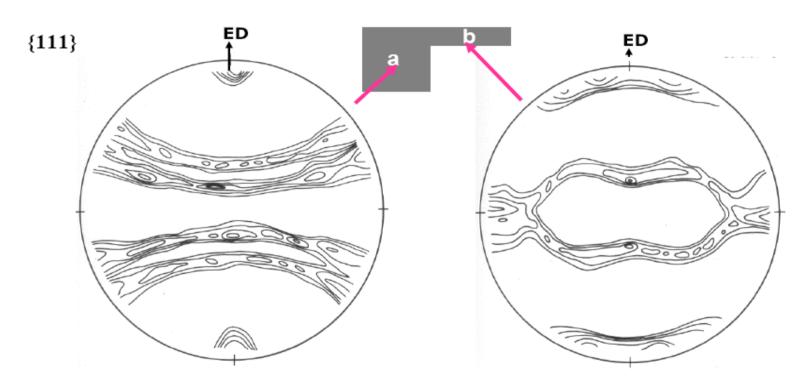








Texture variation in extruded Al alloy profiles



(a) <111> / <100> fiber texture

(b) plane strain texture

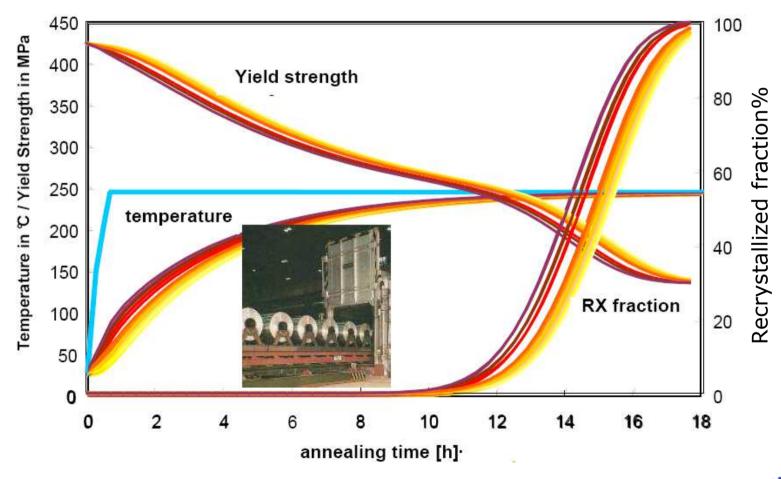








Temperature, recrystallization and strength evolution during coil annealing



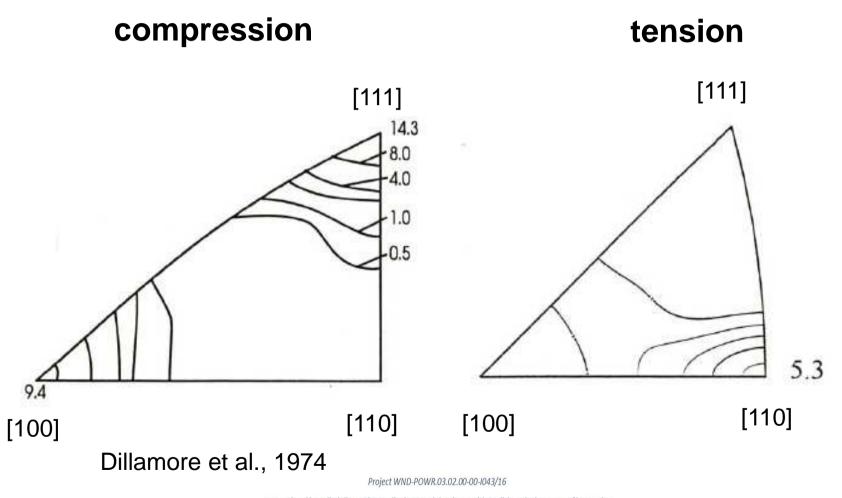








Compression and tension textures in a-Fe

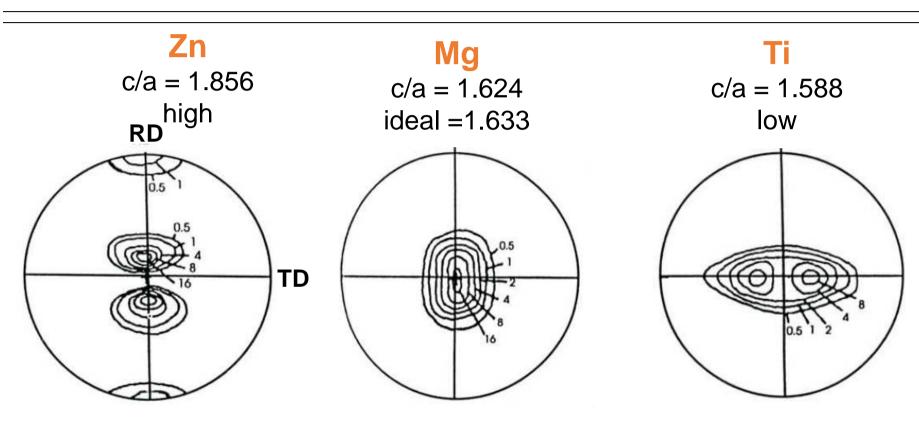








(0001) pole figures of rolled hexagonal metals



Hatherly & Hutchinson, 1979



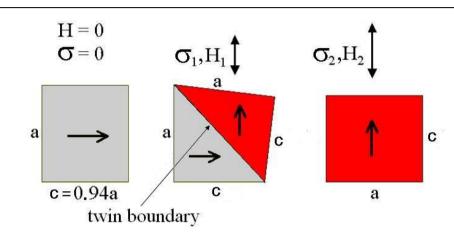
1stcycle₁, 2nd₁, ...

-6th cycle₁



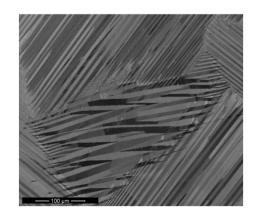


Magnetic field-induced strain



Requirements:

- ☐ high magnetocrystalline anisotropy
- → highly mobile twin boundaries
 - Low twinning stress
 - > Training process







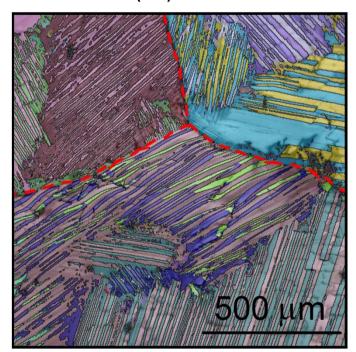




martensite

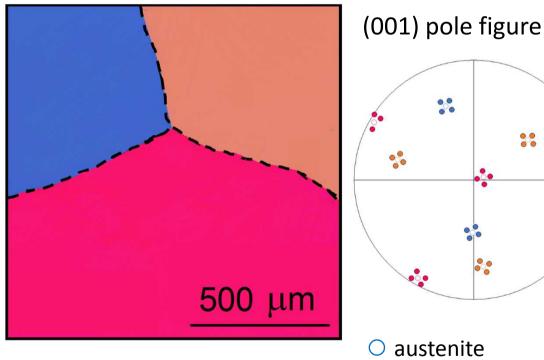
Texture inheritance

Martensite (RT)



EBSD mapping, All Euler color coding

Austenite (110°C)



Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-1043/16

International interdisciplinary PhD Studies in Materials Science with English as the language of instruction

Project co-financed by the European Union within the European Social Funds







Orientation description

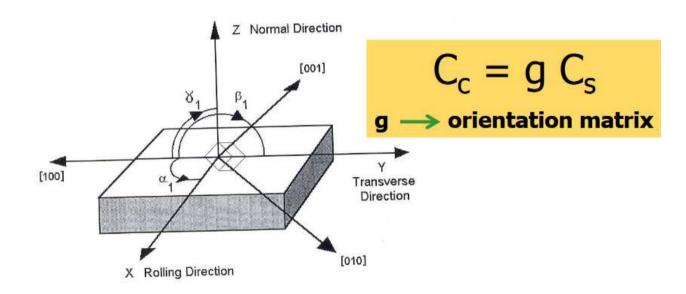
- >{hkl}<uvw>
- ➤ Pole figures
- ➤ Euler Angles
- ➤ Axis angle pair Rodriques-Frank vector
- ➤ Quaternions







Orientation matrix



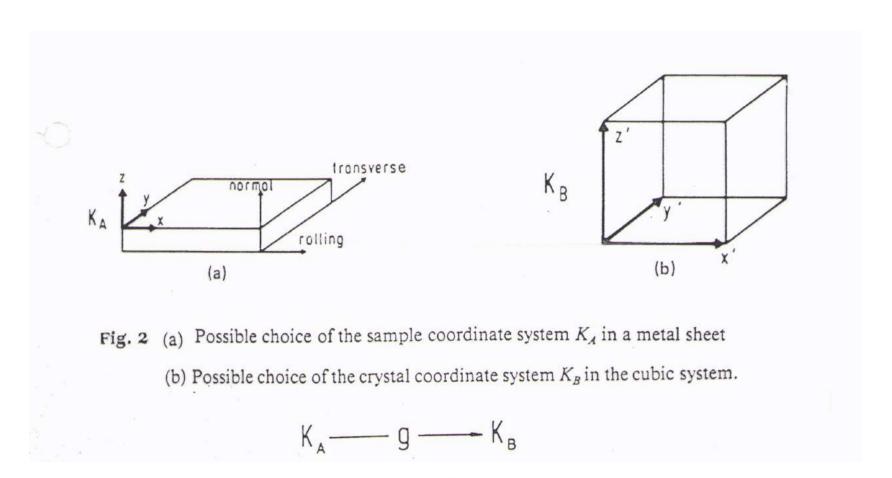
$$g = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha_1 & \cos \beta_1 & \cos \gamma_1 \\ \cos \alpha_2 & \cos \beta_2 & \cos \gamma_2 \\ \cos \alpha_3 & \cos \beta_3 & \cos \gamma_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} g_{11} & g_{12} & g_{13} \\ g_{21} & g_{22} & g_{23} \\ g_{31} & g_{32} & g_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$







Coordinate systems

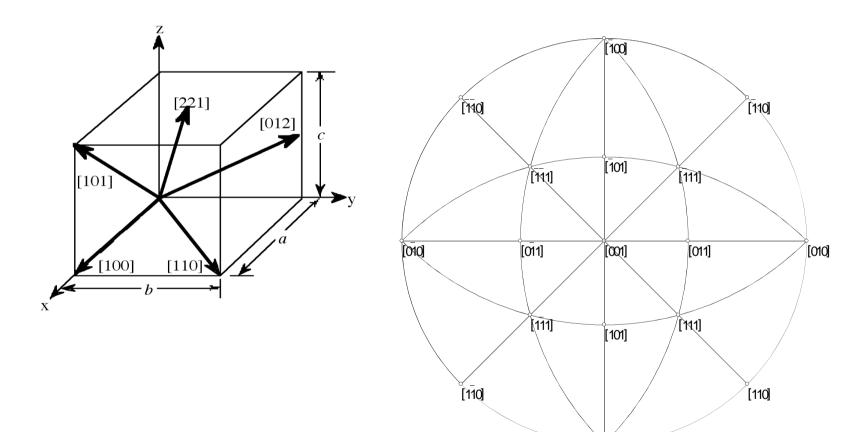








Crystallographic directions



Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-I043/16

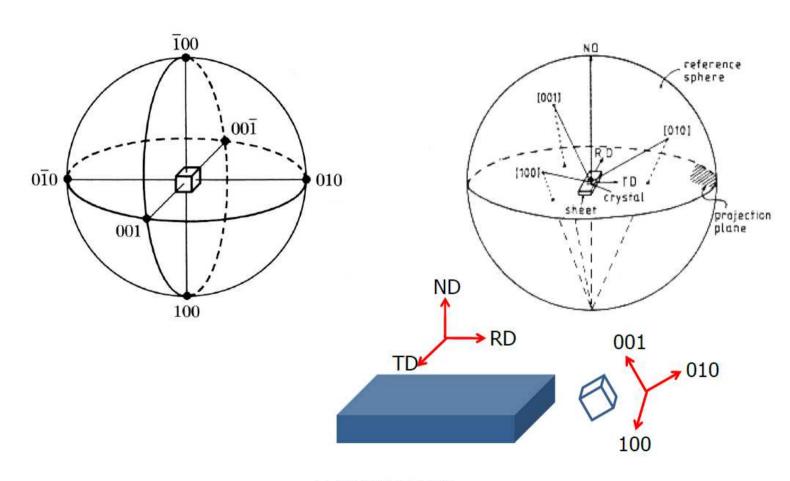
[100]







Stereographic projection

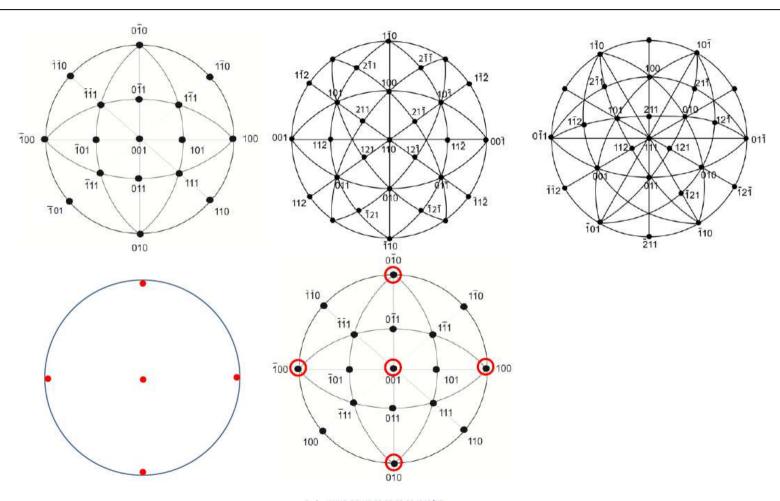








Pole figures



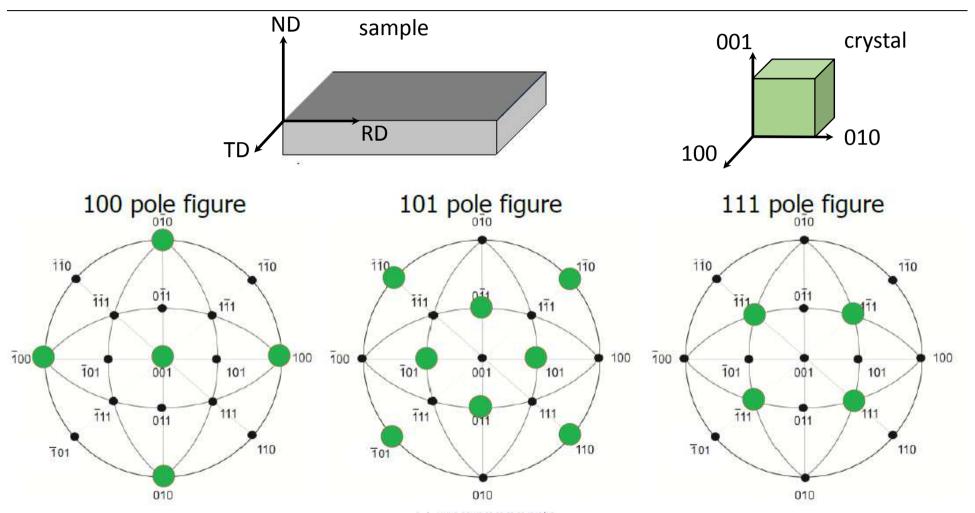
Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-I043/16







Coordinate systems



Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-1043/16







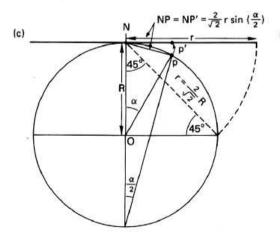
Stereographic projection

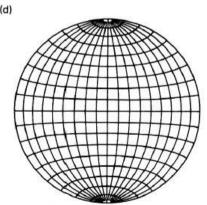
Angle true

P $\frac{\alpha}{|\nabla P'|} = R \tan(\frac{\alpha}{2})$

(b)

Area true





Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-I043/16







Crystallographic planes

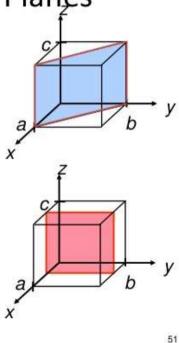
Crystallographic Planes

exa	ample	a	b	C
1.	Intercepts	1	1	∞
2.	Reciprocals	1/1	1/1	1/∞
	51	1	1	0
3	Reduction	1	1	0

4. Miller Indices (110)

exa	ımple	а	b	C
1.	Intercepts	1/2	∞	∞
2.	Reciprocals	1/1/2	1/∞	1/∞
	33	2	0	0
3.	Reduction	2	0	0

4. Miller Indices (100)

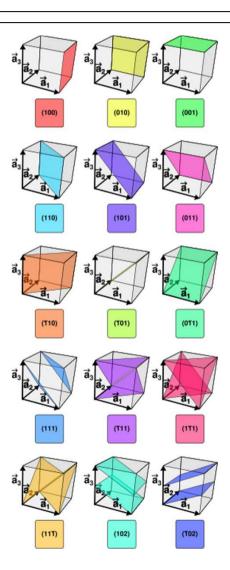


www.bzuiam.webs.com

Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-I043/16

 $International\ interdisciplinary\ PhD\ Studies\ in\ Materials\ Science\ with\ English\ as\ the\ language\ of\ instruction$

Project co-financed by the European Union within the European Social Funds

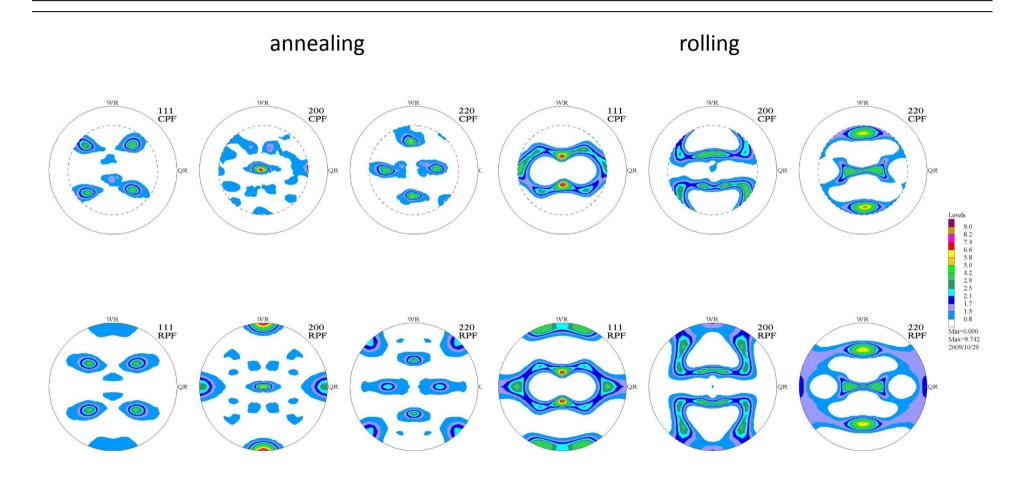








Experimental pole figures

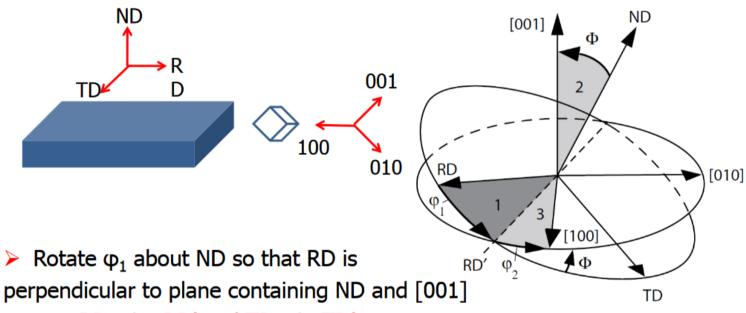








Euler Angles



- $RD \rightarrow RD'$ and $TD \rightarrow TD'$
- Rotate Φ about RD' so that ND and [001] coincide

ND
$$\rightarrow$$
 [001] and TD' \rightarrow TD"

 \triangleright Rotate φ_2 about ND so that crystal and sample frame coincide

$$RD' \rightarrow [010]$$
 and $TD'' \rightarrow [100]$

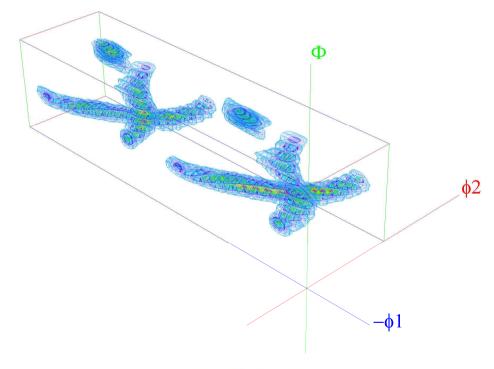






Orientation distribution function

$$\frac{dV}{V} = f(\phi_1, \phi, \phi_2) \frac{1}{8\pi^2} \sin \phi d\phi_1 d\phi d\phi_2$$



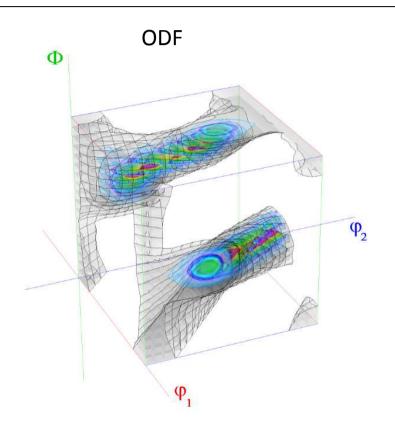
Project WND-POWR.03.02.00-00-1043/16



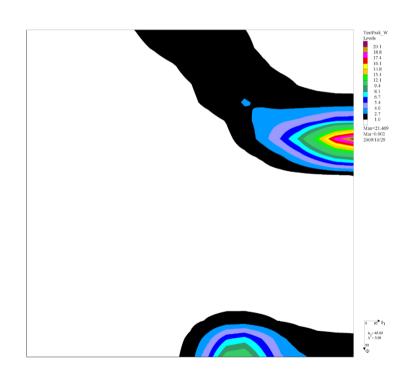




Orientation distribution function



ODF section

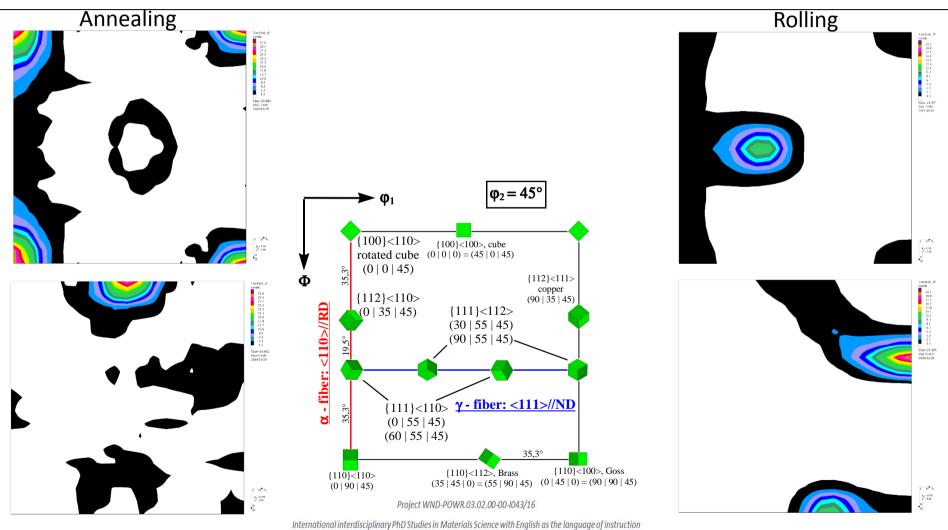








Key figure



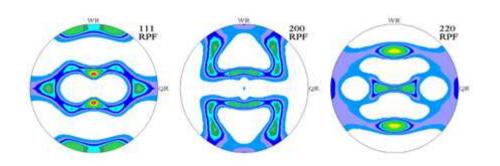


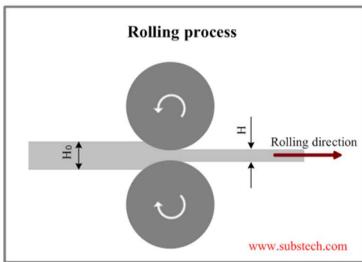


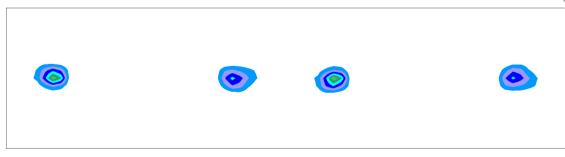


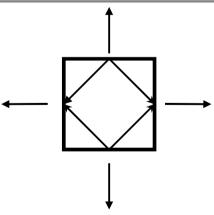
Sample symmetry (orthorhombic)

Rolling







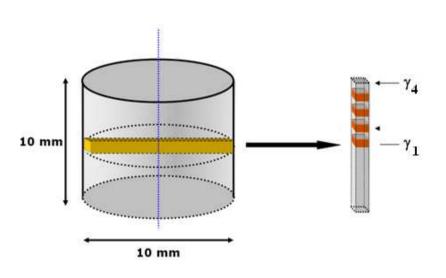




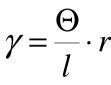


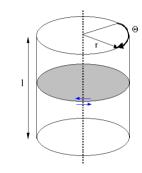


Sample symmetry – monoclinic

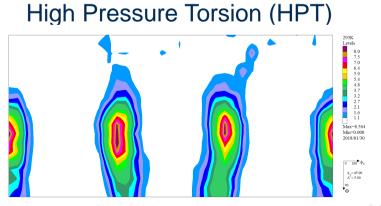


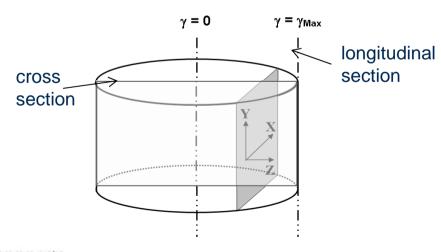
shear strain





Microstructure – EBSD: *longitudinal* and cross sections











Sample symmetry - triclinic

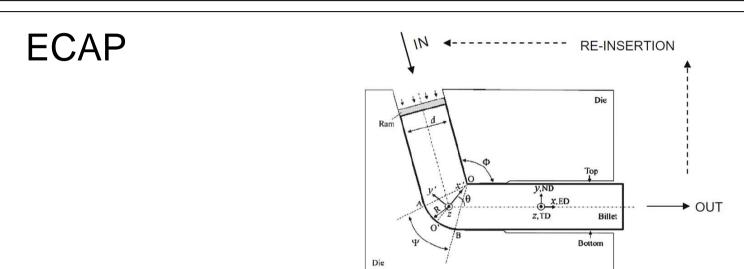
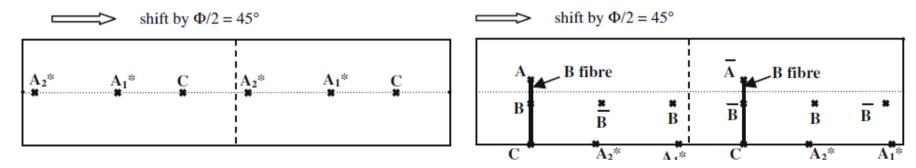


Fig. 1. ECAE die geometry and coordinate system employed in this paper [6].



I.J. Beyerlein, L.S. Tóth/Progress in Materials Science 54 (2009) 427-510







Literature

- M. Humphreys and W.B. Heatherly, An Introduction to texture in materials, Monograph No.5 The Institution of Metallurgist London 1979
- Kocks, U.F., Tomé, C.N. & Wenk, H.-R., 1998. Texture and Anisotropy, Cambridge
- Randle, V., 1992. Microtexture Determination and its Applications. The Institute of Materials
- Wassermann, G. & Grewen, J., 1962. Texturen metallischer Werkstoffe, Springer Verlag
- Wenk, H.-R. (ed.), 1985. Preferred Orientation in Deformed Metals and Rocks: An Introduction to Modern Texture Analysis. Academic Press
- S Suwas and N.P. Gurao, Crystallographic texture of Meterials, Springer
- W. Skrotzki's lectures, Introduction to Crystallographic Texture
- Nilesh Prakash Gurao, Introduction to Crystallographic Texture.